

Knowledge Organiser

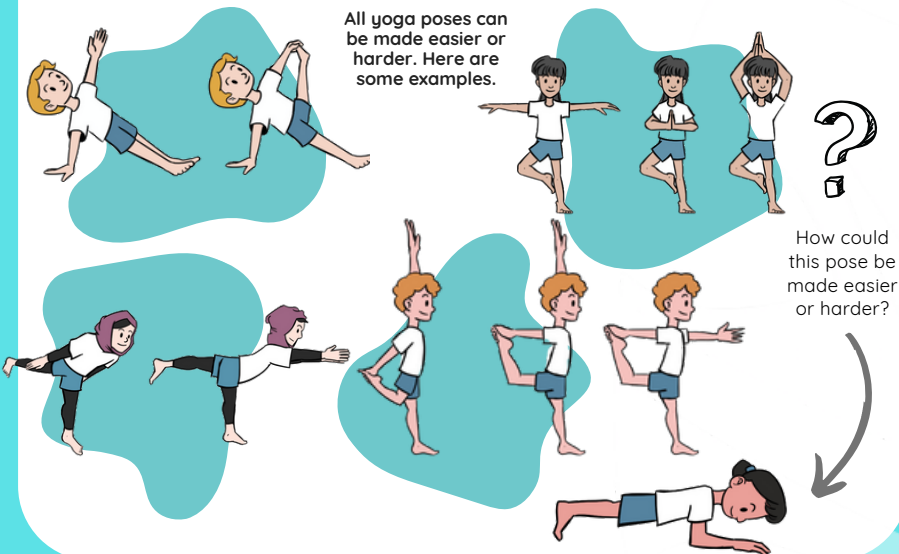
Yoga Year 5 and Year 6

About this Unit

Yoga is an activity that connects body and breath. It includes breathing techniques, poses and mindfulness. Mindfulness is when you focus your attention on the present moment. In yoga people often use breath to hold the poses, developing flexibility, balance and strength.

It is often assumed that yoga is only for flexible people. However, one of the many great things about yoga is that it can be changed to support any age and ability level.

All yoga poses can be made easier or harder. Here are some examples.



Key Vocabulary

collaborate: work jointly with others
concentrate: focus
engage: to activate
exhale: to breathe out
expand: to get bigger
fluidly: flow easily
inhale: breathe in
lengthen: to make longer
mindfulness: to bring attention to experiences occurring in the present moment
muscles: tissue that helps us to move our bodies
notice: to pay attention to
practice: to go over
quality: the standard of the skill
salutation: a sequence of actions that create a specific flow
transition: moving from one action or position to another



Ladder Knowledge



Balance:

Year 5: you need to apply force to maintain balance in a partner pose.

Year 6: different poses will require you to apply force in different places and at different times to maintain control and balance.

Flexibility:

Year 5: you can improve your flexibility when moving with your breath.

Year 6: identify which muscles require more practice to increase your flexibility.

Strength:

Year 5: different poses will use different muscles to hold them.

Year 6: you can build up strength by practicing in your own time.

Movement Skills

- balance
- flexibility
- strength
- co-ordination

This unit will also help you to develop other important skills.

Social
Emotional
Thinking

respect, co-operate leadership, communication, share ideas, work safely
 focus, concentration, confidence, independence, determination
 identify, create, select and apply, observe and provide feedback

Strategies

There are different techniques you can use to control how you feel.

When you experience a stressful event (like an unexpected dinosaur in your classroom), your heart rate increases and your breathing becomes lighter.

Deep breathing helps to get more oxygen into your body and helps you calm down, lower stress, and focus. Counting your breath is a great way to focus your attention. Breathe in for four counts and out for four counts.

Mindfulness activities used in your everyday life can be helpful for your wellbeing.

Practicing mindfulness means being aware of the present moment. It involves breathing, imagery, and other practices to relax your body. It can help reduce stress, focus on the task at hand, and develop a positive outlook on life.

Healthy Participation



- No shoes or socks to make sure you do not slip.
- Listen to your body, be mindful not to over extend and stop if a pose is uncomfortable.
- Stretch slowly and breathe deeply, never force a pose.

If you enjoy this unit why not see if there is a yoga club in your local area.



How will this unit help your body?

balance,
co-ordination,
flexibility, strength

Home Learning

Find more games that develop these skills in the Home Learning Active Families tab on www.getset4education.co.uk

Bumble Bee Breath



What you need: a quiet space

Breathing techniques help our bodies to relax, slow our heart rate and feel calmer.

How to play:

- Keep your lips lightly sealed.
- Breathe in through your nose and then breathe out making a 'mmmm' sound until you need to breathe in again.
- The longer your 'bee hum', the more relaxed you are likely to be.

Try this breath before school or after lunchtime.

www.getset4education.co.uk



Head to our youtube channel to watch the skills videos for this unit.



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