

Knowledge Organiser Swimming Year 5 and Year 6

About this Unit

Swimming is a very important life skill. In this unit you will learn to:

- swim competently and confidently over a distance of at least 25 metres
- use a range of strokes effectively e.g. front crawl, backstroke and breaststroke
- perform safe self-rescue in different water-based situations.



Did you know...



Gertrude Ederle was the first woman to swim across the English Channel.

Gertrude didn't learn how to swim until she was 9, but by the age of 17 she won a gold and a bronze medal at the 1924 Paris Olympics. At the age of 19, she became the first woman to swim across the English Channel. She had been told that a woman would not be able to swim that far, but not only did she swim that far, she also beat the previous record by two hours.

Key Vocabulary

afloat: floating on water

buoyancy: how able an object is to float

in water

buoyant: when an object floats in water conserve: to protect something continuously: without gaps

dolphin kick: used for the butterfly stroke, created by a whipping motion

with the legs

endurance: ability to keep going

exhale: to breathe out

flexed: bent

flutter kick: a kick used in crawl and backstroke in which the leas are extended straight back and alternately

moved up and down

huddle: a position for two or more people floating in cold water wearing life jackets and awaiting rescue

inhale: breathe in

motion: process of moving outstretched: extended

personal best: a target outcome of an

individual

propel: to move forward retrieve: to collect

rotate: turn

somersault: to rotate 360° around a

horizontal point

streamline: the position you get your bodu in to flow through the water easilu **stroke**: the style of swimming, there are four competitive strokes: butterfly, backstroke, breaststroke, freestule sunchronised: when performers complete the same action at the same

technique: the action used correctly treading water: a survival technique used to keep the head above the water

Strokes:

Year 5: pulling harder through the water will enable you to travel the distance in fewer strokes and travel faster.

Year 6: making your body streamline helps you to alide through the water.

Breathing:

Year 5: breathing every three strokes helps to balance your stroke and allows me you to practise breathing on both sides.

Year 6: the more you practice your breathing in the water, the more your heart and lungs can work effectively and aid your muscles with the ability to utilise oxygen when swimming.

Water safety:

Year 5: a group of people can huddle together to conserve body heat, support each other and provide a larger target for rescuers.

Year 6: there are different survival techniques to use for different situations.

scull tread water

Ladder

Knowledge

Movement

Skills

- glide
- front crawl
- backstroke breaststroke
- surface dives
- float
- · huddle and H.E.L.P position

This unit will also help you to develop other important skills.

Social support others, work safely, inclusion, communication, collaboration

Emotional determination, work fairly, honesty, confidence, perseverance

comprehension, creativity, make decisions, tactics

1. Stop and think, always swim in a safe place

When swimming outdoors preferably swim at a lifeguard beach, organised session or a supervised space.

Rules

2. Stay together, always swim with an adult

When swimming outdoors you must always stay together. NEVER go alone.

If you fall into the water unexpectedly - float on your back until you can control your breathing. Then, either call for help or swim to safety.

If you see someone in trouble, tell someone or go to the nearest telephone and dial 999.

Healthy **Participation**



- · Always swim with an adult.
- · Wait for a qualified lifeguard before entering the water.

If you enjoy this unit whu not see if there is a swimming club in your local area.



balance. co-ordination. flexibility, speed, stamina, strength



Find more games that develop these skills in the Home Learning Active Families tab on www.getset4education.co.uk

Splash Tag



What you need: a swimming pool with a lifeguard, a supervising adult, 2 player or more

- · One player begins as the tagger.
- The tagger tries to tag the other players by splashing
- · If a player gets splashed, they become the new tagger

Top tip: swim underwater to avoid the splashes.

Playing with more than two players? Try swimming in other directions to avoid the tagger





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