

Knowledge Organiser

Tag Rugby Year 3 and Year 4

About this Unit

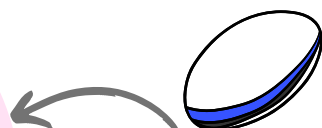
Tag rugby is an invasion game. An invasion game is a game where two teams play against each other. You invade (enter) the other team's space to try to score goals.

Rugby was created in 1823 at Rugby School, when William Webb Ellis, one of the pupils there, picked up the ball whilst playing football and began running towards the opposition's goal. In 1871, the first international game was played and rugby is now played all over the world.

Invasion Games Key Principles

attacking	defending
score goals	stop goals
create space	deny space
maintain possession	gain possession
move the ball towards goal	

Rugby balls are different to most other balls because of their 'egg shape'. The balls were made using rubber tubes which because of their flexibility became oval by accident!



Can you think of any other invasion games that share these principles?



Key Vocabulary

accelerate: speed up
delay: to slow an object or player
dodge: change direction quickly, often used to lose a defender or avoid being caught
forward pass: when the ball is passed in the direction of a team's try line
gain: get possession of the ball
invasion: a game of two teams who invade each other's space to score goals
limit: to reduce
offside: when a tag is made, all defending players must get into an onside position. Onside is in front of the ball carrier, offside is behind the ball carrier.

onside: when the defender is in front of the ball carrier
option: possible choices
pitch: the space used for a tag rugby game
possession: to have
supporting: being an option for the person with the ball
tournament: a competition of more than two teams
track: to move your body to get in line with a ball that is coming towards you
try: the name of a point scored by placing the ball over the try line

Ladder Knowledge



Sending & receiving:
Year 3: point your hands to your target when throwing to help to send the ball accurately.
Year 4: cushioning a ball will help you to control it when catching it.

Space:

Year 3: spreading out as a team will help to move the defenders away from each other.
Year 4: moving into space will help your team keep possession and score goals.

Attacking and defending:

Year 3: as an attacker you need to maintain possession and score goals. As a defender you need to stop the opposition and gain possession.

Attacking and defending:

Year 4: as an attacker shoot when close to goal or if there is a clear path. Pass when a teammate is free and in good space. As a defender mark a player to stop them from being an option. Try to intercept the ball as it is passed.

Movement Skills

- throw
- catch
- run
- change speed
- change direction

This unit will also help you to develop other important skills.

Social support others, inclusion, communication, collaboration, respect

Emotional determination, honesty, independence, perseverance

Thinking decision making, comprehension, select and apply, reflection, identify strengths and areas for development

Rules

Tagging:

- Players wear two tags, one on each side.
- Players cannot physically push off a defender when they are attempting to go for a tag and cannot spin around, guard or shield tags in any way.
- When tagging, hold up the tag and shout 'tag...' followed by the number tag it is e.g. 'tag two' then give the tag back. The attacker has 3 seconds to pass then must place the tag back on their belt before re-joining the game. If the defending team make three tags in one attacking play, they gain possession. A player cannot be tagged when taking a free pass.

Forward pass:

- Forward passes are not allowed, the ball must be passed sideways or backwards.
- If a team uses a forward pass (any pass where the ball travels in the direction of the team's scoring/try line), a free pass is given to the non-offending team.

Offside:

- When a tag is made, all defending players must get into an onside position.
- Onside is in front of the ball carrier, offside is behind the ball carrier.
- Defenders must be three big steps in front of the ball carrier after a tag has been made and are not allowed to intercept or block the pass after a tag is made.



Blue team try line

Tactics

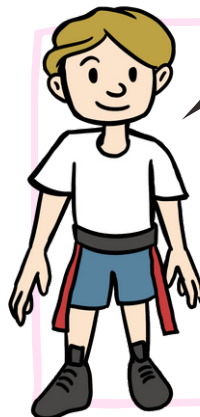
Using tactics will help your team to maintain possession and score goals or deny space, gain possession and stop goals.

Healthy Participation



- Make sure any unused equipment is stored in a safe place.
- Tag rugby is non-contact.

If you enjoy this unit why not see if there is a tag rugby club in your local area.



How will this unit help your body?

agility, balance, co-ordination, speed, stamina

Home Learning

Find more games that develop these skills in the Home Learning Active Families tab on www.getset4education.co.uk

The Rescuer

What you need: a marker e.g. a cushion, an object e.g. a teddy bear and a partner

How to play:

- Place your marker down to indicate the start and finish spot.
- Place your object 10m away.
- One person, the rescuer, begins on the start marker, partner begins three big steps away. Rescuer attempts to reach the object and bring it back to the marker without being tagged by your partner.
- If tagged, the rescuer must go back to the start marker to try again.
- Have three attempts then change roles.



www.getset4education.co.uk

Head to our youtube channel to watch the skills videos for this unit.



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