

Southbroom St James

SATs Information Evening

Wednesday 29th April 2026

What are the SATs?

- SATs are the Standardised Assessment Tests that are given to children at the end of Key Stage 2.
- The SATs take place over four days, starting on **Monday 11th May** ending on **Thursday 14th May**.
- The SATs papers consist of:
 - Grammar, punctuation and spelling (paper 1: GPS) – Monday 11th May
 - Grammar, punctuation and spelling (paper 2: Spelling) – Monday 11th May
 - Reading – Tuesday 12th May
 - Maths (paper 1: Arithmetic) – Wednesday 13th May
 - Maths (paper 2: Reasoning) – Wednesday 13th May
 - Maths (paper 3: Reasoning) – Thursday 14th May
- Writing is assessed using evidence collected throughout Year 6. There is no Year 6 SATs writing test.

The key stage 2 tests will be taken on set dates unless your child is absent, in which case they may be able to take them up to 5 school days afterwards.

When and how the SATs are completed

- The tests take place during normal school hours, under exam conditions.
- After the tests are completed, the papers are sent away to be marked **externally**.
- The results are then sent to the school in July.
- Each test lasts no longer than 60 minutes:
 - Spelling, punctuation and grammar (paper 1: Grammar/ Punctuation) – 45 minutes
 - Spelling, punctuation and grammar (paper 2: Spelling) – 15 minutes
 - Reading – 60 minutes
 - Maths (paper 1: Arithmetic) – 30 minutes
 - Maths (paper 2: Reasoning) – 40 minutes
 - Maths (paper 3: Reasoning) – 40 minutes

Access arrangements

The year 6 cohort will be split across the school so that they can receive the correct support for them as individuals. **This reflects standard classroom practise.**

Most children do not require any access arrangements and will be in their classrooms with two adults to support with any questions. Some children may require: additional time, a reader, prompter, quiet space.

This has been organised and set in previous mock SATs to allow the children to receive a true experience.

If you have any questions regarding this, please do come and speak with us.

The results

Tests are marked externally. Once marked, the tests will be given the following scores:

- A raw score (total number of marks achieved for each paper);
- A scaled score (see below);
- A judgement on if the National Standard has been met.

Results for the tests will be shared with the children and parents/carers mid-July. These will be sent home in a sealed envelope – we encourage the children to open these with their parents/carers.

Scaled scores range from 80 to 120.

A scaled score of 100 or more shows the pupil is meeting the National Standard.

Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling: Monday 11th May

Grammar, punctuation and spelling consists of two papers.

- Paper 1 focuses on all three elements (grammar, punctuation and spelling or GPS). The paper lasts for **45 minutes**.
- Paper 2 consists of a spelling test only. It should take approximately **15 minutes**, although this is not a set amount of time (pupils should be given as much time as they need to complete the test).

Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling: Paper 1 (GPS)

The children will have been working hard with their class teacher on developing and securing their knowledge of the technical vocabulary needed in this test.

This test focuses on:

- Grammatical terms/ word classes;
- Functions of sentences;
- Combining words, phrases and clauses;
- Verb forms, tenses and consistency;
- Punctuation;
- Vocabulary;
- Standard English and formality.

This test requires a range of answer types but does not require longer formal answers.

Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling: Paper 1 (GPS)

Example questions:

3

Tick **one** box to show where a **question mark** is needed in the sentence below.

“ Have you finished eating your lunch ” asked Hannah

1 mark

7

Circle the correct **verb form** in each underlined pair to complete the sentences below using **Standard English**.

We was / were going on a school trip to a concert.

The musicians did / done a sound check before the show.

1 mark

43

Rewrite the sentence below in the **active**.
Remember to punctuate your answer correctly.

The local park is maintained by the council.

The council maintain the local park.

1 mark

Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling: Paper 2 (spelling)

Paper 2 is a shorter paper that focuses solely on spellings.

Example questions:

Spelling

1. There was a brave _____ in the story.
2. The children walked home _____ the park.
3. We were _____ for our hard work.
4. I enjoy reading _____ stories.

2025 Spelling script

Spelling 1: The word is **knight**.

There was a brave **knight** in the story.

The word is **knight**.

Spelling 2: The word is **through**.

The children walked home **through** the park.

The word is **through**.

Spelling 3: The word is **rewarded**.

We were **rewarded** for our hard work.

The word is **rewarded**.

Spelling 4: The word is **adventure**.

I enjoy reading **adventure** stories.

The word is **adventure**.

Reading: Tuesday 12th May

There is one reading test that lasts for **60 minutes**.

The test is designed to measure if the children's comprehension of age-appropriate reading material meets the national standard. There are three different set texts for children to read. These could be any combination of **non-fiction, fiction and/ or poetry**.

The test covers the following areas (known as Content Domains):

- Give/ explain the meaning of words in context;
- Retrieve and record information/ identify key details from fiction and non-fiction;
- Summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph;
- Make inferences from the text/ explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text;
- Predict what might happen from details stated and implied;
- Identify/ explain how information/ narrative content is related and contributes to meaning as a whole;
- Identify/ explain how meaning is enhanced through choice of words and phrases;
- Make comparisons within the text.

Reading

The reading SATs paper requires a range of answer styles.

Example questions:

2 *An intriguing game*

Which word is closest in meaning to *intriguing*?

Tick **one**.

- exciting
- popular
- challenging
- interesting

An intriguing game

One day in 2005, Phiona followed her brother Brian to see where he was going. Watching silently, out of view, Phiona saw that Brian had gone to a club where children had gathered to play a game with some small black and white pieces on a board. She was fascinated by what they were doing.

The game they were playing was chess. It was so unusual in Uganda at that time, there was no word for it in Phiona's language. Despite this, she was determined to play. She walked six kilometres every day to find out how. Within a year, it was clear that she had a special gift.



4

2	<i>An intriguing game</i> Which word is closest in meaning to <i>intriguing</i> ? Tick one . Content domain: 2a – give or explain the meaning of words in context Award 1 mark for: exciting <input type="checkbox"/> popular <input type="checkbox"/> challenging <input type="checkbox"/> interesting <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1m
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Reading

25 Look at the whole text.

Tick **one** box in each row to show what the text tells you about the lights.

	Yes	No
where they are placed		
what colour they are		
how many did not work		
what they are used for		

Qu.	Requirement	Mark															
25	<p>Look at the whole text.</p> <p>Tick one box in each row to show what the text tells you about the lights.</p> <p>Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information or identify key details from fiction and non-fiction</p> <p>Award 1 mark for all four correct:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Yes</th> <th>No</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>where they are placed</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>what colour they are</td> <td>✓</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>how many did not work</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>what they are used for</td> <td></td> <td>✓</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Yes	No	where they are placed	✓		what colour they are	✓		how many did not work		✓	what they are used for		✓	1m
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14 'It's just a rock. They're all rocks, you can...'

What made Tom realise that what he was looking at wasn't actually a rock?

Write **two** things.

1. _____

2. _____

2 marks

Qu.	Requirement	Mark
14	<p>'It's just a rock. They're all rocks, you can...'</p> <p>What made Tom realise that what he was looking at wasn't actually a rock?</p> <p>Write two things.</p> <p>Content domain: 2b – retrieve and record information or identify key details from fiction and non-fiction</p> <p>Award 1 mark for reference to any of the following, up to a maximum of 2 marks:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> its colour, e.g. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> it was a different colour to other rocks it was red. its shape, e.g. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> it had a different shape to other rocks it had a shape of a boat curious regular shape it was a weird shape. its texture, e.g. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> it was smooth. the writing on it, e.g. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> it had writing on it. <p>Also accept reference to its size, e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> it was large. 	Up to 2m

Reading

Example questions: 3 mark question

26 What impressions do you get of Tom's and Geoff's personalities?

Write **one** impression for **each** boy, using evidence from the text to support each answer.

	Impression	Evidence
Tom		
Geoff		

3 marks

Qu.	Requirement	Mark										
26	<p>What impressions do you get of Tom's and Geoff's personalities?</p> <p>Write one impression for each boy, using evidence from the text to support each answer.</p> <p>Content domain: 2d – make inferences from the text or explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text</p> <p>Award 3 marks for two acceptable points, at least one with evidence. Award 2 marks for either two acceptable points, or one acceptable point with evidence. Award 1 mark for one acceptable point.</p>	Up to 3m										
Tom is...												
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Reading

Since the current testing formation for the SATs began in 2016, there has been a tendency for three types of questions to be the most popular.

In the 2025 Reading SATs paper,

- 12% of marks could be gained from answering questions involving giving and explaining the meaning of words in context;
- 30% of marks could be gained from answering questions involving retrieving and recording information or identifying key details from a text;
- 48% of marks could be gained from answering questions involving making inferences from a text and justifying inferences with text evidence.

When reading with your child at home try focusing on these types of questions.

Maths: Wednesday 13th May and Thursday 14th May

The maths assessments consist of three tests.

- Paper 1: Arithmetic (30 minutes) – Wednesday 13th May
- Paper 2: Reasoning (40 minutes) – Wednesday 13th May
- Paper 3: Reasoning (40 minutes) – Thursday 14th May

Maths Paper 1 (Arithmetic)

The maths arithmetic paper has a total of **40 marks** and lasts for **30 minutes**.

The test covers the four operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, including order of operations requiring BIDMAS), percentages of amounts and calculating with decimals and fractions.

Example questions:

27 19% of 2,300 =

1 mark

28 $17 \overline{) 884}$

Show your method

2 marks

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
28	<p>Award TWO marks for a correct answer of 52</p> <p>If the answer is incorrect, award ONE mark for the formal methods of division with no more than ONE arithmetic error, e.g.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> long division algorithm, e.g. $\begin{array}{r} 52 \text{ r}2 \\ 17 \overline{) 884} \\ \underline{- 850} \\ 34 \\ \underline{- 32} \text{ (error)} \\ 2 \end{array}$ <p>OR</p> $\begin{array}{r} 53 \text{ (error)} \\ 17 \overline{) 884} \\ \underline{- 850} \\ 34 \\ \underline{- 34} \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} 50 \times 17 \\ 2 \times 17 \end{array}$ <ul style="list-style-type: none"> short division algorithm, e.g. $\begin{array}{r} 53 \text{ (error)} \\ 17 \overline{) 884} \end{array}$	Up to 2m	<p>Working must be carried through to reach a final answer for the award of ONE mark.</p> <p>Short division methods must be supported by evidence of appropriate carrying figures to indicate the use of a division algorithm and be a complete method.</p> <p>The carrying figure must be less than the divisor.</p>

Maths Paper 1 (Arithmetic)

Example 1 mark questions:

25	5% of 860 =	<input type="text"/>	1 mark
	Using known fact of 10% of 860 = 86 And 5% is half of 10%		
	$86 \div 2 = 43$		
	43		

12	$540 \div 6 =$	<input type="text"/>	1 mark
	Known facts: $54 \div 6 = 9$		
	90		

26	$\frac{5}{8} \div 3 =$	<input type="text"/>	1 mark
	$\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{1}{3}$		
	$5 \times 1 = 5$ $8 \times 3 = 24$		
	$\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{24}$		

8	$12 \times 3 \times 10 =$	<input type="text"/>	1 mark
	$12 \times 3 = 39$		
	$39 \times 10 = 390$		
	390		

Maths Papers 2 and 3 (Reasoning)

Paper 2 will take place on Wednesday 13th May and paper 3 will take place on Thursday 14th May. These tests have a total of 35 marks each and lasts for 40 minutes each.

These papers require children to demonstrate their mathematical knowledge and skills, as well as their ability to solve problems and their mathematical reasoning. They cover a wide range of mathematical topics from key stage 2 including,

- Number and place value (including Roman numerals);
- The four operations;
- Geometry (properties of shape, position and direction);
- Statistics;
- Measurement (length, perimeter, mass, volume, time, money);
- Algebra;
- Ratio and proportion;
- Fractions, decimals and percentages.

Maths Paper 2 (Reasoning)

Example questions:

18

Tick the fractions that are **greater than** $\frac{2}{3}$

$$\frac{5}{6} \quad \square$$

$$\frac{4}{9} \quad \square$$

$$\frac{9}{12} \quad \square$$

$$\frac{11}{15} \quad \square$$

$$\frac{10}{21} \quad \square$$

2 marks

20

Sophie thinks of **two prime numbers**.

She adds them together.

Her answer is **24**

Write **all** of the different pairs of prime numbers that Sophie could think of.

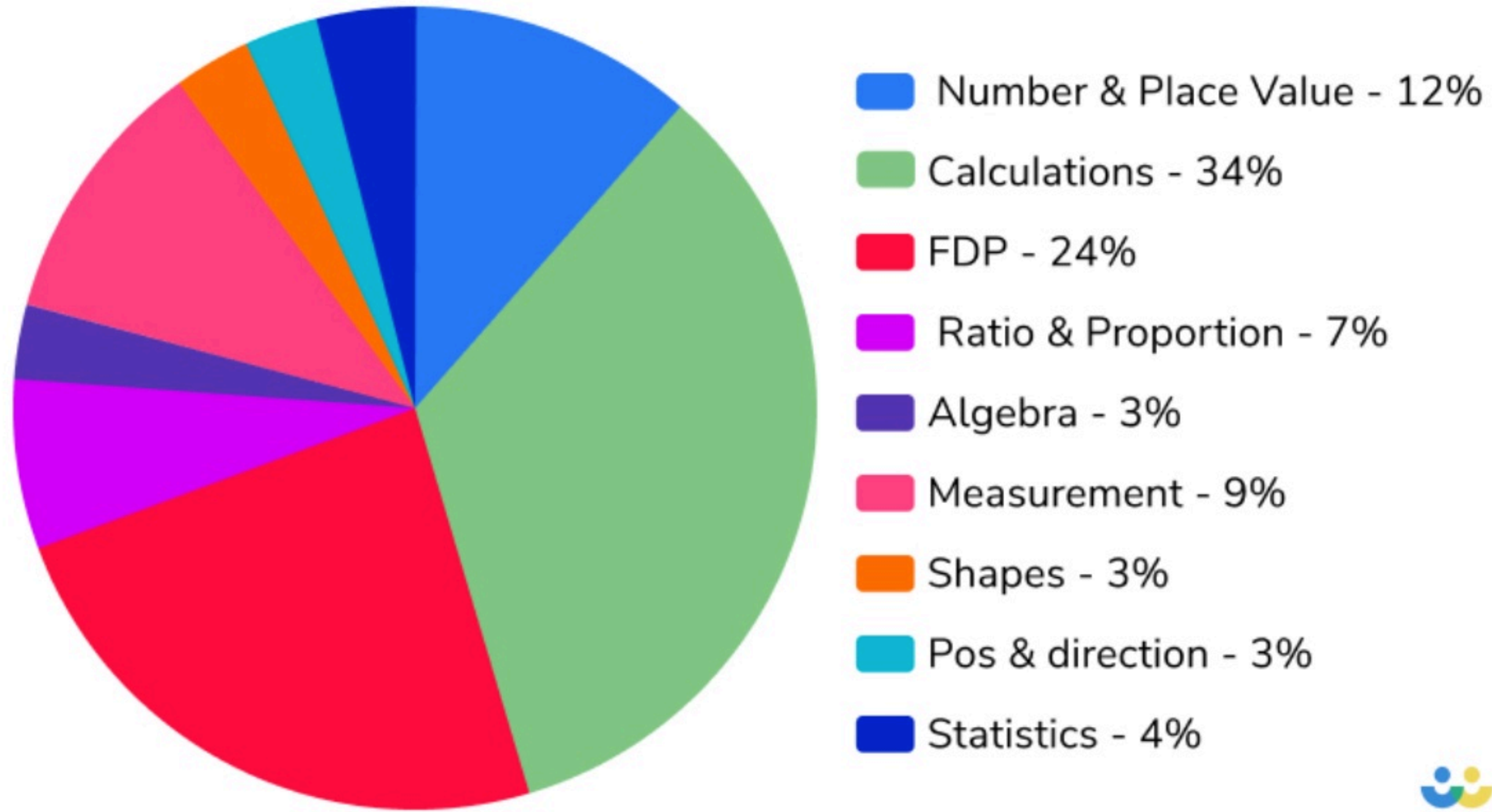
and

and

and

2 marks

KS2 Maths SATs papers analysis (2025) Percentage of questions by content domain



Supporting your child in preparing for the SATs

Firstly, a positive attitude goes a long way. Give them as much support as you can (but we don't need to tell you that)!

Tips:

- Don't use past papers as they have been used in school to prepare the children
- Talk to us if you have any concerns rather than worry
- Encourage your child to talk to us or another adult they trust (including yourself) about their anxieties. Don't forget that a small amount of anxiety is normal and not harmful.
- Encourage your child to attend our SATs breakfast club during SATs week